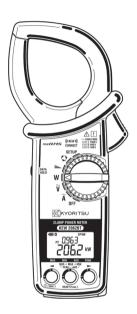
Instruction Manual



CLAMP POWER METER

KEW 2062/2062BT



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Unpacking KEW 2062/2062BT

Unpacking

We thank you for purchasing our clamp power meter KEW 2062 / KEW2062BT. Please check that the following accessories are packed with the instrument.

[Basic package]

LDasi	c packagej	
1	Clamp power meter	KEW 2062 / KEW 2062BT : 1 pce.
2	Test leads	MODEL7290: 1 set * Red, black, and yellow: 1 pce. each with alligator clips
3	Batteries	Alkaline size AA battery (LR6) x 2 pcs.
4	Instruction manual	: 1 pce.
5	Soft case	MODEL9198 : 1 pce.

 In case any of the items listed above are found to be damaged or missing or if the printing is unclear, please contact your local KYORITSU distributor.

Safety precautions

This instrument has been designed, manufactured and tested according to IEC 61010: Safety requirements for Electronic Measuring apparatus, and delivered in the best condition after passing quality control tests.

This instruction manual contains warnings and safety procedures which have to be observed by the user to ensure safe operation of the instrument and to maintain it in safe condition. Therefore, read through these operating instructions before starting to use the instrument.

♠ WARNING

- Read through and understand the instructions contained in this manual before using the instrument.
- Keep the manual at hand to enable quick reference whenever necessary.
- The instrument is to be used only in its intended applications.
- Understand and follow all the safety instructions contained in the manual.

It is essential that the above instructions are adhered to. Failure to follow the above instructions may cause injury, instrument damage and/or damage to equipment under test. Kyoritsu assumes no responsibility for damage and injury caused by misuse or not following the instructions in the manual.

The symbol \bigwedge indicated on the instrument, means that the user must refer to the related parts in the manual for safe operation of the instrument. It is essential to read the instructions wherever the symbol appears in the manual.

↑ DANGER : is reserved for conditions and actions that are likely to cause serious or fatal injury.

WARNING: is reserved for conditions and actions that can cause serious or fatal injury.
 CAUTION: is reserved for conditions and actions that can cause injury or instrument

damage.

KEW 2062/2062RT Safety precautions

Meaning of symbols on the instrument:

\triangle	User must refer to the explanations in the instruction manual.
	Instrument with double or reinforced insulation
4	This instrument can clamp a bare conductor where the voltage to be measured is lower than the circuit – voltage against earth values specified by the marked measurement category.
~	AC (Alternating current)
Ť	(Functional) Earth terminal
A	This instrument satisfies the marking requirement defined in the WEEE Directive (2002/96/EC). This symbol indicates separate collection for electrical and electronic equipment.

Measurement Category

To ensure safe operation of measuring instruments, IEC 61010 establishes safety standards for various electrical environments, categorized as O to CAT IV, and called measurement categories. Higher-numbered categories correspond to electrical environments with greater momentary energy, so a measuring instrument designed for CAT III environments can endure greater momentary energy than one designed for CAT II.

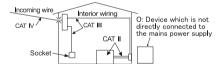
O : Circuits which are not directly connected to the mains power supply.

CAT II : Electrical circuits of equipment connected to an AC electrical outlet by a power cord.

CAT III : Primary electrical circuits of the equipment connected directly to the distribution panel.

and feeders from the distribution panel to outlets.

CAT IV The circuit from the service drop to the service entrance, and to the power meter and primary overcurrent protection device (distribution panel).



Safety precautions KEW 2062/2062BT

♠ DANGER

- The instrument is to be used only in its intended applications or conditions. Otherwise, safety functions equipped with the instrument will not work, and instrument damage or serious personal injury may occur. Verify proper operation on a known source before taking action as a result of the indication of the instrument.
- Wear protective insulated gears if electrical shock or other danger is possible.
- This instrument is rated to 300 V AC for CAT IV, 600 V AC for CAT III, and 1000 V AC for CAT II. With attention to the measurement category to which the object under test belongs, do not make measurements if voltage against earth in the circuit under test exceeds these values.
- Do not attempt to make measurement in the presence of flammable gasses. Otherwise, the use of the instrument may cause sparking, which can lead to an explosion.
- . Never attempt to use the instrument if its surface or your hand is wet.

- Measurement -

- Do not exceed the maximum allowable input of any measuring range.
- Never open the battery compartment cover during a measurement.

- Clamp sensor -

- Confirm that the measured current rating of the circuit under test and the instrument; in addition, don't exceed the rated voltage against earth.
- Keep your fingers behind the barrier during a measurement.
 Barrier: provides protection against electrical shock and ensuring the minimum required clearance and creeapade distances.
- Connect to the secondary side of a circuit breaker since a current capacity at the primary side is large and dangerous.
- Do not touch two lines under test when opening the jaws.

- Test leads -

- Use only the ones supplied with the instrument.
- When the instrument and the test lead are combined and used together, whichever lower category either of them belongs to will be applied. Confirm that the measured voltage rating of the test lead is not exceeded.
- Connect the cables that are required for the desired measurement only.
- Connect the test leads to the instrument first, and only then connect them to the circuit
 under test.
- Keep your fingers behind the barrier during a measurement.
 - Barrier: provides protection against electrical shock and ensuring the minimum required clearance and creepage distances.
- Never disconnect the test leads from the voltage input terminals of the instrument during a measurement (while the instrument is energized).
- Do not touch two lines under test with the metal tips of the test leads.
- . Never touch the metal tips of the test leads.

- Battery -

• Do not try to replace the batteries during a measurement.

M WARNING

- Never attempt to make any measurement if any abnormal conditions, such as a broken cover or exposed metal parts are present on the Instrument, or test leads.
- Verify proper operation on a known source before use or taking action as a result of indication of the instrument
- Do not install substitute parts or make any modification to the instrument. Return the instrument to your local KYORITSU distributor for repair or re-calibration in case of suspected faulty operation.

CAUTION

- Use of this instrument is limited to domestic, commercial and light industry applications.
 Strong magnetic interference or strong magnetic fields, generated by large currents, may cause malfunction of the instrument.
- Caution should be taken since conductors under test may be hot.
- Never apply currents or voltages exceeding the maximum allowable input to each range.
- Do not apply currents or voltages for the test leads or current sensors while the instrument is off
- Don't use the instrument at dusty places or to be spattered.
- Don't use the instrument under a strong electric storm or in the vicinity of energized object.
- Never give strong vibrations or drop shocks.

- Test leads -

- Connect the plug firmly to the corresponding terminal.
- Do not pull or twist the test leads with excessive force to prevent damage.

- Battery -

Brand and type of the batteries should be harmonized.

- Treatment after use -

- Set the function switch to "OFF" position and remove all the cables from the instrument.
- Take out batteries if the instrument is to be stored and will not be in use for a long period.
- Never give strong vibrations or drop shocks when carrying the instrument.
- Do not expose the instrument to direct sunlight, high temperature, humidity or dew.
- Use a damp cloth with neutral detergent or water for cleaning the instrument. Do not use abrasives or solvents.
- . If the instrument is wet, dry and store it.

Carefully read and follow the instructions with \triangle DANGER, \triangle WARNING, \triangle CAUTION symbols and NOTE described in each section.

Chapter 1 Functional overview

KEW 2062 / 2062BT is an advanced clamp power meter that is able to analyze the harmonics for power quality check and verify phase sequences of power sources in various wiring systems: of course, it can perform voltage/ current (in RMS) and power measurements.

KEW 2062BT has Bluetooth communication function to connect itself with Bluetooth devices, like a tablet, for remote monitoring and data saving.

Safety Construction

Designed to meet the international safety standard IEC 61010-1 CAT IV 300 V/ CAT III 600 V/ CAT II 1000V.

Wiring configuration

KEW 2062 / 2062BT supports: Single-phase 2-wire (Single-phase 3-wire), Three-phase 3-wire (two-wattmeter method), and Three-phase 4-wire.

Large-diameter clamp sensor

The current clamp sensor is able to clamp onto a wire up to 55mm in diameter.

Measurement and calculation

KEW 2062 / 2062BT can measure and calculate voltage, current, active/ reactive/ apparent power, power factor, voltage-current phase differences, and frequency. (TRMS display)

Harmonics measurement

It is possible to measure and show each voltage/ current harmonic from 1st to 30th (in RMS.), content rate, and total distortion factor (THD-R/THD-F).

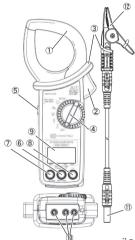
Phase detection

This function is to verify phase rotation and missing phases of power source.

Application

Measured results and waveform data can an be transferred to tablet devices or smartphones using Bluetooth (KEW 2062BT only). Special application "KEW Power" (asterisk)" is available for reviewing the measured data.

Chapter 2 KEW 2062 / 2062BT features



- Current sensor
- ② Trigger (to open/ close the jaws)
- ③ Barrier

Provides protection against electrical shock and ensuring the minimum required clearance and creepage distances. Always keep your fingers behind the barrier

4 Function switch

Turn and select the desired measurement function.
This switch also works as power switch: set it to
"OFF" to turn off the instrument.

- (5) Data hold switch
 Holds the displayed readings. The LCD shows *H
 symbol while the result is being held in the display.
- ⑥ Mode button*^{1, 2} Toggles the displayed results in the sequences: MAX: maximum value -> MIN: minimum value -> AVG: average value -> |PEAK|: crest factor (absolute value).
- ⑦ Backlight button ※ (1886) [◄]*²
- A long press turns on/ off the backlight.

 (7)(8) Item switching button [◀▶]*

A short press toggles displayed items in sequences.

¹¹ Function ranges, related to current measurements, are fixed while the LCD is showing MAX/ MIN/ AVG/ |PEAK| (absolute value). The auto-ranging function is reactivated when switching the display to instantaneous value.

*2 Buttons ⑥ to ⑧, ⑦ excluded, work differently depending on the selected measurement function. For further detail, see *clause 3.2 Buttons and switches*, *P. 9*, and explanations about each function.

- Field effect LCD with backlight
- 1 Plug
- Alligator clip

Chapter 3 Basic operation

3.1 Function switch

Function		Description	
SETUP	Settings	Changes and confirms the settings for wiring, VT/ CT ratio, buzzer on/ off, backlight on/ off, nominal frequency 50/ 60Hz. To restore all the settings to the default conditions, perform system reset.	
0	Phase detection	Tests and shows the phase rotation sequence, and missing phase if there is any.	
L	Harmonics	Shows voltage/ current (of the 1st fundamental waveform up to 30th harmonics) RMS value, content rate, and distortion factor [THD-R/THD-F].	
w	Power	Shows: active/ reactive/ apparent power, power factor, voltage-current phase differences, and voltage/ current (RMS) value.	
~٧	AC voltage	Shows AC voltage RMS value, peak value, and frequency.	
~A	AC current	Shows AC current RMS value, peak value, and frequency.	

3.2 Buttons and switches

Function	Buttons and switches	Details	
Data hold button		Hold down the Data hold button until the LCD shows " H " symbol: then the currently displayed value is held. While this function is activated, readings don't change even the input value varies. To exit from the hold mode, press the data hold button again or switch the measurement functions: the " H " symbol disappears.	
	Backlight button ☆ (1886) [◄]	A long press turns on/ off the backlight.	
SETUP	Item switching button [◀▶]	Toggles displayed items and changes the setting values.	
	Mode button	Selects setting items and confirms the entered values.	
Item switching		A short press toggles display: <-> THD-F <-> THD-R <->	
	button [◀▶] [▶]	1st fundamental wave to 30th harmonics. A long press switches voltage and current RMS values.	
Harmonics	Mode button	A short press toggles display: <-> Inst value <-> MAX <-> MIN <-> AVG. A long press resets measurements of MAX, MIN, and AVG values and resume a measurement.	

Function	Buttons and switches	Details		
Power 1P2W	Item switching button [◀▶]	A short press toggles display: <-> active power, power factor <-> active power, voltage-current phase differences <-> active and apparent power <-> active and reactive power <-> current and voltage RMS.		
1P3W	Mode button	A short press toggles display: <-> Inst value <-> MAX <-> MIN <-> AVG. A long press resets measurements of MAX, MIN, and AVG values and resume a measurement.		
Power 3P3W	Item switching button [◀▶]	A short press toggles display: <-> active power, power factor <-> active and apparent power <-> active and reactive power <-> current and voltage RMS.		
3P4W Balance	Mode button	A short press toggles display: <-> Inst value <-> MAX <-> MIN <-> AVG. A long press resets measurements of MAX, MIN, and AVG values and resume a measurement.		
	Item [▶]	A short press during a measurement: Switches the phase to be measured from R(L1) to T(L3).		
Power 3P3W Unbalance	switching button [◀▶]	A short press while displaying the measured result: Toggles displays: <-> Three-phase active power <-> R(L1)-phase active power.		
	Mode button	A short press during a measurement: Switches between active power and voltage and current values (RMS). A long press while displaying the measured result: Clears the displayed values and resume a measurement.		
Power 3P4W	Item switching button [▶]	A short press during a measurement: Switches the phase to be measured: R(L1) -> S(L2) -> T(L3). A short press while displaying the measured result: Toggles displays: <-> active power, power factor <-> active and apparent power <-> active and reactive power.		
Unbalance	Mode button	A short press during a measurement: Switches between active power and voltage and current values (RMS). A long press while displaying the measured result: Clears the displayed values and resume a measurement.		
~V ~A	Mode button	A short press toggles display: <-> Inst value <-> MAX <-> MIN <-> AVG <-> [PEAK[(peak value*). A long press resets measurements of MAX, MIN, AVG, and [PEAK] values and resume a measurement. * [PEAK]: Shows the instantaneous peak value in absolute value.		

3.3 Symbols displayed in LCD

Symbol	Details		
•	Battery indicator: shows remaining battery in 4 levels.		
8	Bluetooth is available. (KEW2062BT only)		
H	LCD display update is held.		
UNB	Unbalance measurement has been selected. Nothing is displayed for balance measurement.		
3P3W 3P4W	Wiring configuration. No indication for single-phase.		
6 165	Total power: when "either "P1" or "P2" is displayed, it indicates the power of the single-phase according to the display.		
ı(×	Buzzer is disabled.		
THD R THD F	Type of total harmonics distortion factor.		
h-	Harmonics order: shows 1st (h-1) fundamental wave to 30th (h-30).		
VT	VT ratio other than 1/1 has been set.		
CT	CT ratio other than 1/1 has been set.		
	Appears to indicate the type of measured value.		
50Hz	LCD displays the preset nominal frequency at harmonics measurement. If set 50Hz, LCD displayed "50Hz".		
_	Negative (-) or positive (no symbol) mark is displayed according to the polarity of a measured value. For further detail, please see "9.3 Measurement specifications".		

3.4 Unit of measured value

			Unit		
v	RMS voltage	Α	RMS current	Hz	Frequency
kW	Active power	kVar	Reactive power	kVA	Apparent power
PF	Power factor	deg	V-A phase difference	%	Harmonics content rate

Chapter 4 Getting started

4.1 Turning on KEW 2062 / 2062BT

Note

 If the instrument is in powered-off state, though the function switch is set to any measurement range, auto-power off function might be activated. Turn the function switch to OFF, and then set the switch to the desired position to wake up the instrument.
 Even though the instrument doesn't wake up, the installed batteries may be totally exhausted. Please replace the batteries with new ones and try again.



When setting the function switch to any position other than "OFF", KEW 2062 / 2062BT gets started and all the LCD segments are displayed for 1 sec. Confirm that there're no chips of segments.

4.2 Battery level check

M DANGER

Never try to replace batteries during a measurement.

/ WARNING

- Before opening the battery compartment cover for battery replacement, disconnect all test leads from the instrument and set the function switch to "OFF".
- Do not replace batteries if the instrument is wet.
- Accurate measurement results cannot be obtained while the battery warning indicator
 "is blinking. Stop using the instrument and replace the batteries with new ones immediately. If the batteries are totally exhausted, the LCD doesn't show anything nor
 "symbol.

/ CAUTION

- Brand and type of the batteries should be harmonized.
- Never mix new and old batteries.
- Install batteries in correct polarity as marked inside the battery compartment area.

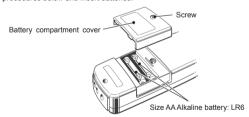
LCD indication/ Battery level indicator



	Status	Details
		Battery level is full.
<u>_</u>	•	Indicator varies depending on the battery level.
Battery level	•	Battery level is low. Replace the batteries with new ones.
Batte	Blink	Battery level is extremely low, and the instrument doesn't work normally. Stop using the instrument and replace the batteries with new ones immediately. The instrument continues measurement even in this state; however, Bluetooth will be disabled.

How to install batteries:

Follow the procedures below and insert batteries.



- Disconnect all cables and set the function switch to OFF position.
- 2 Loosen one battery compartment cover-fixing screw and remove the cover.
- 3 Take out all the batteries.
- Insert two new batteries, size AA alkaline: LR6, observing correct polarity.
- 5 Install the cover, and then secure it with the screw.

4.3 Test leads connection (to KEW 2062 / 2062BT)

The followings should be checked before the connection.

♠ DANGER

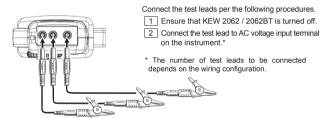
- Use only the test leads supplied with this instrument.
- Connect the cables that are required for the desired measurement only.
- First, connect the plug of the test lead to the instrument. Only then connect to the measurement line.
- Never disconnect the test lead from the voltage input terminal of the instrument during a measurement (while the instrument is energized).

MARNING

Never attempt to make measurement if any abnormal conditions are noted, such as a crack
or exposed metal parts.

CAUTION

- Confirm that the instrument is powered off, and then connect the test leads.
- Connect to the instrument first, firmly into the corresponding terminal.



4.4 Connection to the measured object

The following should be checked before the connection.

⚠ DANGER

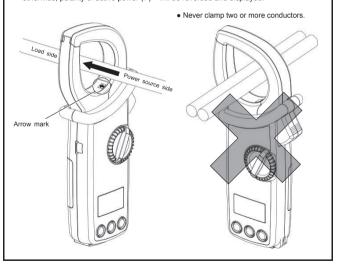
- This instrument is rated to 300 V AC for CAT IV, 600 V AC for CAT III, and 1000V AC for CAT II. With attention to the measurement category to which the object under test belongs, do not make measurements on a circuit in which voltage exceeds these values.
- Use only the test leads designed for this instrument.
- Always connect the test leads to the instrument first.
- When the instrument and the test lead are combined and used together, whichever lower category either of them belongs to will be applied. Pay attention to the rating of the instrument and test lead used together.
- Connect the cables that are required for the desired measurement only.
- Current sensor shall be connected to the secondary side of the circuit breaker since the primary side has dangerous large current capacity.

M DANGER

- Care should be taken so as not to short-circuit the power line with the metal ends of the test lead at connection. In addition, do not touch the metal tips.
- The tips of the current sensor jaws are designed so as not to short-circuit the power line of the object to be tested but be careful when measuring an un-insulated conductor.
- Keep your fingers behind the barrier during a measurement. Barrier: provides protection against electrical shock and ensuring the minimum required clearance and creepage distances.

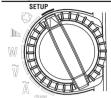
For accurate measurement:

- The declared measurement accuracy is guaranteed where the conductor to be measured is placed at the center of the current clamp sensor.
- Care should be taken so as not to pinch the conductors with the tips of the iaws.
- Confirm and harmonize the wiring configuration of the measurement line and KEW 2062 / KEW2062BT.
- When clamping onto a conductor, make the arrow mark point towards the load side: otherwise, polarity of active power (P) will be reversed and displayed.



KEW 2062/2062BT Chapter 5 Settings

Chapter 5 Settings



Before starting a measurement, adjust the following settings.

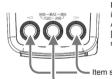
* Wiring configuration, frequency of the voltage to be measured, and VT/ CT ratio. if necessary.

Set the functin switch to "SETUP" to adjust settings.

Note

 Turning the function switch before confirming the altered settings clears all the changes you made. Confirm the altered settings, and then turn the function switch.

Item selection (Switch the displayed items)

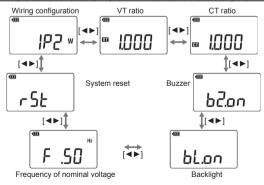


Press the item switching button $[\blacktriangleleft \blacktriangleright]$ to toggle the displayed items and confirm the desired item with the mode button. Alter the values of each item with the item switching button $[\blacktriangleleft \blacktriangleright]$, and then press the mode button again to confirm the change. The display returns to the selection screen.

Item switching button [◀▶]: toggles setting items

——Mode button: confirms selection and change.

The followings are the default settings. System reset restores the altered changes to the default.



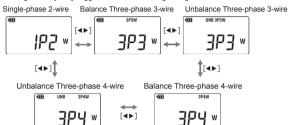
Wiring systems KFW 2062/2062BT

Wiring systems

Select "Wiring configuration" and press the mode button to adjust wiring configurations. Select the appropriate one out of five wiring configurations according to the wiring system to be tested.

* For Single-phase 3-wire(1P3W), please select "1P2W" (Single-phase 2-wire) and perform power measurement on each phase (L1/ L2) individually. KEW 2062 / 2062BT cannot show the total power of 1P3W.

Item switching button [◀▶]: toggle the available wiring configurations



Press the mode button while the desired wiring configuration is displayed. The selection is confirmed and the display returns to the selection screen.

VT/ CT ratio

CAUTION

- The display range, when setting VT or CT ratio, is between 0.000 and 9999 (RMS voltage/current) and between 0.000k and 9999k (power). Please take the display range into consideration when setting VT or CT ratio. If setting extremely large or small VT or CT ratio, the LCD may show 0 or OL and wouldn't change.
- Allowable input is 1100 V to AC voltage terminal and 1100 A to current sensor, regardless
 of selected VT or CT ratio. If output of the connected VT or CT exceeds these values,
 the LCD shows OL.



This setting is required if the system to be tested has external VT(s) or CT(s). The set VT/CT ratio will be reflected to all the values measured during any measurements related to voltage and current.

While the LCD is showing VT or CT ratio, press the mode button. Then 4-digit value is displayed and the changeable digit starts blinking. Selectable range is between 0.001 and 9999.



The digit selected to be changed will blink.

A short press of item switching button [◀▶] increases or decreases the value by 1. A long press of the item switching button changes digit position (to right or left). When pressing the button, while the last digit is blinking, not a digit position but a decimal point moves. A long press of mode button while changing values or digit position cancels the changes and restores the setting to 1.000.

Press the mode button to confirm the changes. The display returns to the selection screen.

Measurement using VT/ CT ratio

M DANGER

- This instrument is rated to 300 V AC for CAT IV, 600 V AC for CAT III, and 1000V AC for CAT II. With attention to the measurement category to which the object under test belongs, do not make measurements on a circuit in which the electrical potential exceeds these values.
- Always clamp the secondary side of VT or CT (transformer).
- Do not open-circuit the secondary side of CT while it is energized; otherwise, dangerous high voltage will be generated at the secondary side.

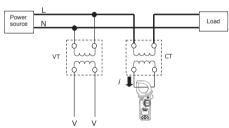
CAUTION

 When using a VT or CT, the declared measurement accuracy is not guaranteed. If using either or both of them, please take the accuracies of KEW 2062 / KEW2062BT, VT and CT, and also phase characteristics into consideration.

If voltage or current values of the measurement line exceed the max measuring range of KEW 2062 / 2062BT, the primary side value of the line can be obtained by measuring the secondary side using proper VT or CT for the specific line's voltage or current. See the diagram below.

Example:

Single-phase 2-wire (1P2W)



Buzzer ON/ OFF KEW 2062/2062BT

Buzzer ON/ OFF

Keypad sounds, and phase detection buzzer can be muted. This setting doesn't affect the low battery warning buzzer and the buzzer indicating auto-power-off is activated.

Select "Buzzer" and press the mode button. Then "ON(on)"/ "OFF(oF) starts blinking. Now it is ready to change the setting.

Item switching button [◀▶]:
on: Buzzer sounds
oF: No buzzer sounds

Press the mode button to confirm the changes. The display returns to the selection screen.

Backlight ON/ OFF

This setting is to enable or disable auto-backlight-off function if there're no key operations for the specified time.

Select "Backlight" and press the mode button. Then "ON(on)"/ "OFF(oF) starts blinking and now it is ready to change the setting.

Item switching button [◀▶]:

on: Turns off in 5 min. oF: Disables auto-off function.



Press the mode button to confirm the changes. The display returns to the selection screen.

Frequency of nominal voltage

Set the power frequency of the object to be measured.

Note

Harmonics are calculated based on the preset frequencies. For accurate measurement, please check and set the same frequency as the power frequency of the object to be tested.

Select "Frequency of nominal voltage" and press the mode button. Then ".50[Hz]"/ ".60[Hz]" starts blinking; that means it is ready to change the setting.

Item switching button [◀▶]: Switches the frequencies.



Press the mode button to confirm the changes. The display returns to the selection screen.



The set nominal frequency is displayed as left figure at harmonics function.

System reset



Restore all the settings to default*. *See P.16 Item selection part. Select "System reset" and press the mode button. Then "n: Cancel" starts blinking; that means it is ready to change the setting.

Item switching button [◀▶]:

.n: Cancel .y: Performs system reset.



Select ".y" and press the mode button. Then system reset will be done and the display returns to the selection screen. To cancel or do not want to do system reset, select ".n" and press the mode button.

Display items by measurement function Chapter 6

6.1 RMS/ Frequency measurement

While viewing "Waveform" on your Smartphone or tablet device using our app via Bluetooth, KEW 2062BT's LCD will be like the illustration shown to the right and won't show the measured values.

To check the measured values on the instrument, switch the item on your Bluetooth device using the app from "Waveform" to "Measured value", or disconnect Bluetooth communication.

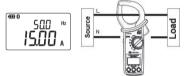


RMS current, frequency



Set the function switch to "A".

Auto-ranging function activates and switches the current range depending on the measured value.

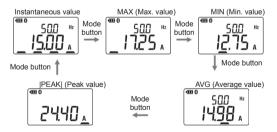


A short press of Mode button; switches display modes between

Inst. MAX. MIN. AVG. and IPEAKI.

* Each of above values is determined after pressing the mode. button and measurements get started.

A long press of Mode button; clears measured values (MAX, MIN, AVG, and IPEAKI).

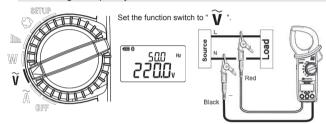


Range is fixed while the LCD is showing MAX, MIN, AVG, or IPEAKI, The auto-ranging function is reactivated when switching the display to instantaneous value.

Note

- When current is measuring current in PEAK mode, opening and closing operation of the current sensor affects the readings. To obtain accurate readings, check the readings while clamping onto the conductor to be tested or turn on the data hold function before unclamping the conductor.
- In the PEAK mode, sampling is performed in one cycle and PEAK value (crest value) is determined based on the result. The sampling is performed just once in 0.5s, therefore, the Tester cannot measure a sudden input signal such as inrush current.

RMS voltage, frequency

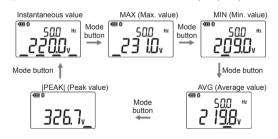


A shot press of Mode button: switches display modes

between Inst, MAX, MIN, AVG, and IPEAKI.

* Each of above values is determined after pressing the mode button and measurement get started.

A long press of Mode button: clears measured values (MAX, MIN, AVG, and |PEAK|).



Note

 In the PEAK mode, sampling is performed in one cycle and PEAK value (crest value) is determined based on the result. The sampling is performed just once in 0.5s, therefore, the Tester cannot measure a sudden input signal such as inrush current.

6.2 Single/ Three-phase (balance) Power measurement

Note

KEW 2062 / 2062BT cannot measure Three-phase 4-wire with different capacitors (V/ \(\Delta\)-connection). To measure such a system, please test phases individually.



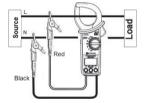
Set the function switch to "W".

Select wiring system in the selection screen.

Single-phase 2-wire (1P2W) Three-phase 3-wire (3P3W) Three-phase 4-wire (3P4W)

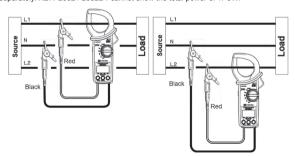


Connection diagram for Single-phase 2-wire (1P2W)

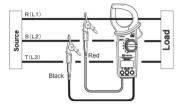


Connection diagram for Single-phase 3-wire (1P3W)

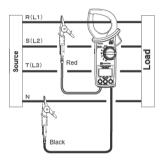
To measure Single-phase 3-wire (1P3W), select "1P2W" and measure power of L1 and L2 separately. KEW 2062 / 2062BT cannot show the total power of 1P3W.



Connection diagram for balance Three-phase 3-wire (3P3W)



Connection diagram for balance Three -phase 4-wire (3P4W)



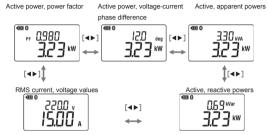
Switching display KEW 2062/2062BT

Switching display

Item switching button [◀▶]:

Short press: switches measured values to be displayed in the LCD.

Active power, power factor/ Active power, voltage-current phase difference/ Active, apparent powers/ Active, reactive powers/ RMS current, voltage values



Mode button

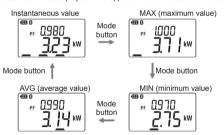
Short press: switches display modes between Inst. MAX, MIN, and AVG.

* Each of above values is determined after pressing the mode button and measurements get started.

Long press: clears measured values (MAX, MIN, and AVG)

Example: Active power, power factor* screen

* Measured values displayed in the upper and lower rows are switched together.

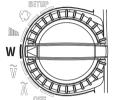


Range is fixed while the LCD is showing MAX, MIN, or AVG. The auto-ranging function is reactivated when switching the display to instantaneous value.

6.3 Three-phase (unbalance) power measurement

Note

KEW 2062 / 2062BT cannot measure Three-phase 4-wire with different capacitors (V/ \(\Delta\)-connection). To measure such a system, please test phases individually.



Set the function switch to "W".

Select wiring system in the selection screen.

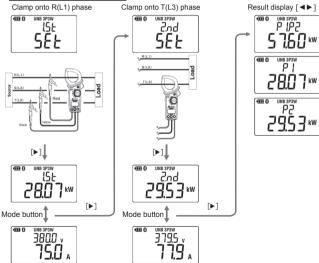
Three-phase 3-wire (3P3W) Three-phase 4-wire (3P4W)





Three-phase 3-wire (3P3W) unbalance

Measurement procedures

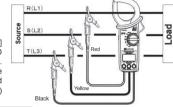


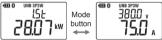
Clamp onto R(L1) phase

While the LCD is showing the settings for the first measurement, make connection as the following figure shows.



Press the item switching button [▶] after making connection, the LCD shows active power of R(L1) phase. Pressing mode button switches the indication between active power and RMS voltage/ current values of R(L1) phase.



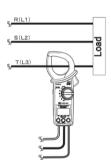


Another press of item switching button [▶] changes measurement object from R(L1) to T(L3).

Clamp onto T(L3) phase

While the LCD is showing the 2nd time measurement screen, switch the current sensor position as shown to the right; just the sensor only, do not unclip or change the position of test leads.





Press the item switching button [\blacktriangleright] after making connection, the LCD shows active power of T(L3) phase. Pressing mode button switches the indications between active power and RMS voltage/ current values of T(L3) phase.



Another press of item switching button [▶] switches the screens to measurement result.

Result display

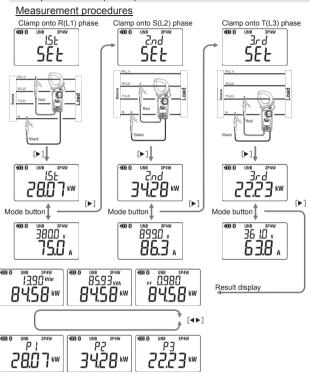
Item switching button [◀▶]:

Short press: switches measured values to be displayed in the LCD.



A long press of mode button clears measured results and the screen returns to the initial screen.

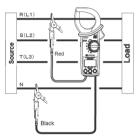
Three-phase 4-wire (3P4W) unbalance



Clamp onto R(L1) phase

While the LCD is showing the 1st time measurement screen, make connection as the following figure shows.





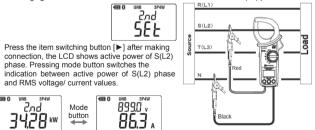
Press the item switching button [\blacktriangleright] after making connection, the LCD shows active power of R(L1) phase. Pressing mode button switches the indication between active power of R(L1) phase and RMS voltage/ current values.



Another press of item switching button [▶] changes measurement object from R(L1) to S(L2).

Clamp onto S(L2) phase

While the LCD is showing the settings for 2nd measurement, make connection as the following figure shows: move the current sensor and red test lead to S (L2) phase.



Another press of item switching button [▶] changes measurement object from S(L2) to T(L3).

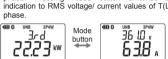
Clamp onto T(L3) phase

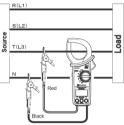
While the LCD is showing the 3rd time measurement screen, move the current sensor and red test lead

to T(L3) as shown to the right.



Press the item switching button [▶] after making connection, the LCD shows active power of T(L3) phase. Pressing mode button switches the indication to RMS voltage/ current values of T(L3) phase.



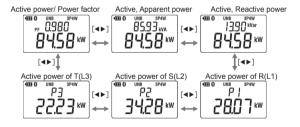


Another press of item switching button [▶] switches the screens to measurement result.

Result display

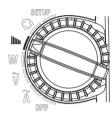
Item switching button [◀▶]:

Short press: switches measured values to be displayed in the LCD.



A long press of mode button clears measured results and the screen returns to the initial measurement setting screen.

6.4 Harmonics measurement



Set the function switch to "

The nominal frequency is displayed as right figure at harmonics function. Nominal frequency can be set to 50Hz or 60Hz on SET UP function. (See P.19 "Frequency of nominal voltage".)

The LCD screen will be as the right figure shows during Bluetooth communication: no measured values are displayed. The measured values can be checked by using the application on your smartphone or

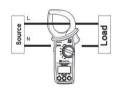
tablet device, or by disconnecting the Bluetooth.





Current harmonics distortion factor, content rate, RMS value

Current measurement ranges switches automaticay decending on the measured value.



When the unit shown in the LCD is "V", it means the screen is "voltage harmonics measurement screen". Hold down (long press) the Item switching button [▶] to switch the unit to "A".

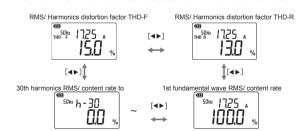




[Item switching button [◀▶]]

A short press toggles the displayed measured values:

RMS/ Harmonics distortion factor THD-F, RMS/ Harmonics distortion factor THD-R, 1st fundamental ways RMS/ content rate to 30th harmonics RMS/ content rate



The upper row shows the order of the harmonics (1h to 30h) and RMS of each harmonics: these two switches every second.

[Mode button]

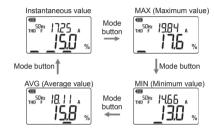
A short press switches display mode between Inst. MAX, MIN, and AVG.

Each of above values is determined after pressing the mode button and measurements get started.

A long press of the button clears measured values (MAX, MIN, and AVG).

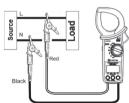
Example: Display screen of RMS/ Harmonics distortion factor THD-F*

* Measured values displayed in the upper and lower rows switch simultaneously in every screen.



Range is fixed while the LCD is showing MAX, MIN, or AVG. The auto-ranging function is reactivated when switching the display to instantaneous value.

Voltage harmonics distortion factor, content rate, RMS value



When the unit shown in the LCD is "A", it means the screen is "current harmonics measurement screen". Hold down (long press) the Item switching button [▶] to switch the unit to "V".



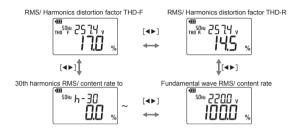




[Item switching button [◀▶]]

A short press toggles the displayed measured values:

RMS/ Harmonics distortion factor THD-F, RMS/ Harmonics distortion factor THD-R, Fundamental wave RMS/ content rate to 30th harmonics RMS/ content rate



The upper row shows the order of the harmonics (1h to 30h) and RMS of each harmonics: these two switches every second.

[Mode button 1

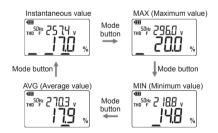
A short press switches display mode between Inst. MAX, MIN, and AVG.

Each of above values is determined after pressing the mode button and measurements get started.

A long press of the button clears measured values (MAX, MIN, and AVG).

Example: Display screen of RMS/ Harmonics distortion factor THD-F*

* Measured values displayed in the upper and lower rows switch simultaneously in every screen.



Harmonics distortion factor THD-R/THD-F

There are two typical definitions used when dealing with Total Harmonic Distortion (THD). The two types of Total Harmonic Distortion are THD-F and THD-R. THD-F uses fundamental wave forms and THD-R uses total RMS values as a reference.

They both are figures of merit used to quantify harmonic levels in voltage and current waveforms; however, the THD-R measurement can be prone to misinterpretation which can easily lead to measurement errors when measuring larger distortions. That is, at low distortion levels, the difference between the two calculation methods - THD-F and THD-R - is negligible but at large distortion levels, THD-F can get more accurate results.

With the former measuring devices, accurate measurement of RMS fundamental wave (first order only), which is required for THD-F calculation had been difficult; therefore, THD-R has been commonly used. Although, recent devices can measure it accurately. So now in practice, THD-R is used for simple measurements and the distortion factor of THD-F, less susceptive to harmonics content rate against specified measurement accuracy, is commonly used.

Where investigating what causes harmonics on load side, THD-R measurement if often used, and for power quality control purpose, the THD-F is mainly used.

KEW 2062/2062BT 6.5 Phase detection

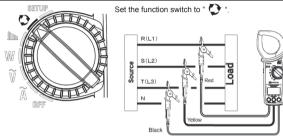
6.5 Phase detection

Note

KEW 2062 / 2062BT cannot measure Three-phase 4-wire with different capacitors (V/ Δ-connection).

When setting the buzzer to "OFF", buzzer doesn't sound at the end of detection process.

If buzzer indication is required for phase detection judgement, set the buzzer to "ON".



According to the wiring system of Three-phase 3-wire and Three-phase 4-wire to be tested, the results are displayed as the following table shows. Each number represents the connected phase order.

Wiring system			Judgement		
willing system	R(L1)	S(L2)	T(L3)	Indication	Buzzer
Positive phase	Live	Live/ Earth	Live	1.2.3	Discontinuous: Pi, Pi, Pi
Negative phase	Live			3.2.1	Continuous: Piii
Unjudgeable	Missing phase, abnormal frequency, out of voltage effective input range, unbalance		555	Not sound.	

Chapter 7 Other functions

[Data hold function]

The LCD shows "H" in the upper left comer by pressing data hold button and hold the currently displayed reading. In this state, the instrument is performing measurements; however, the reading isn't updated. Press the Data hold button again to exit from the data hold mode, then treading update resumes and the "H" disappears.

By switching the measurement function, data hold is disabled, and measurement starts on the selected function.

[Auto-backlight-off]

Backlight turns off automatically when 5 min, pass after the last key operation. To turn it on again, hold down (long press) the Item switching button [◀]. Then the lighting time will be extended 5 min. A long press of Item switching button [◀], while the light is on, turns off the light. When setting the backlight to OFF, written in page 19, the auto-off function is disabled. In this state, backlight doesn't turn off when 5 min pass. To turn off the light, in this case, hold down the Item switching button [◀].

[Auto-power-off]

Note

 If the instrument is off with the function switch set to a measurement position, auto-power-off function might activate and turn off the instrument.

Except for Bluetooth communication, the instrument turns off automatically when 15 min. pass after the last key operation; discontinuous buzzer sounds 4 times. To turn on the instrument again, set the function switch to OFF and then set it to the desired measurement position.

[Auto-ranging - current]

Current range switches automatically according to the measured rms currents.

A range shifts to one upper range when the input exceeds 110% or 300% peak (absolute value) of the currently selected range and shifts to one lower range when the input drops 90% rms. While "MAX", "MIN", "AVG", and "IPEAK| (peak value)" has been selected in the display mode, auto-ranging doesn't work: the selected range is fixed and used.

Chapter 8 Bluetooth communication

♠ WARNING

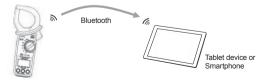
 Radio waves at Bluetooth communication may affect the operations of medical electronic devices. Special care should be taken when using Bluetooth connection in the areas where such devices are present.

Note

- Using the instrument or tablet devices near wireless LAN devices (IEEE802.11.b/g) may
 cause radio interferences, lowering of communication speed, resulting in significant time lag
 in the display update rate between the instrument and tablet device. In this case, keep the
 instrument and the tablet device away from the wireless LAN devices, or turn off the wireless
 LAN devices or shorten the distance between the instrument and the tablet device.
- It may be difficult to establish communication connection if either the instrument or tablet device is in a metal box. In such a case, change the measurement location or remove the metal obstacle between the instrument and the tablet device.
- If any leaking of data or information occurs while making a communication using Bluetooth function, we assume no responsibility for any released content.
- Some tablet devices, even if the application runs properly, may fail to establish communication with the instrument. Please use another tablet device and try to communicate with.
 If you still cannot confirm the connection, there may be some problem with the instrument unit. Please contact your local KYORITSU distributor.
- The Bluetooth word mark and logos are owned by Bluetooth SIG, Inc. and we, KYORITSU, are licensed by them for use.
- Android, Google Play Store, and Google Map are the trademark or registered trademark of Google Inc.
- iOS is the trademark or registered trademark of Cisco.
- Apple Store is the service mark of Apple Inc.
- In this manual, the "TM" and " ® " marks are omitted.

KEW 2062BT has a Bluetooth communication function and can exchange data with Android/ iOS tablet devices. Using the special application "KEW Power"(asterisk)" enables remote monitoring/ checking data.

First, download the application "KEW Power*(asterisk)" via the internet. Some functions are available only while connected to the internet. For further detail, please refer to "8.1. KEW Power* (asterisk) features*.



8.1 KEW Power*(asterisk) features

KEW Power*(asterisk) for KEW 2062BT

The special application "KEW Power*" is available on download site for free. (An Internet access is required: Android tablets, via Google Play Store and iOS devices, via App Store). Please note that communication charge is incurred separately for downloading applications and using special features of them. For your information, "KEW Power*" is provided on-line only.

Main features of KEW Power*:

- (1) Remote monitoring/ checking
- (2) Data save/ recall function
- (3) Input wave form display of voltage and current
- (4) Graphical display of harmonics rms values and content rate
- (5) Pass/ fail judgement of measured value

Chapter. 9 Specifications

9.1 Safety specifications

Location for use : Altitude 2000 m or less, in-door use

Accuracy quaranteed

Temp. & Hum. range: 23°C±5°C. Relative humidity 85% or less (no condensation)

Operating Temp. &: :-10°C to +50°C, 85 % or less (no condensation)

humidity range

Storage Temp. & : -20°C to +60°C, 85 % or less (no condensation) humidity range

Withstand voltage : 5160 V AC/ 5 sec.

(between current sensor and enclosure or electrical circuit and enclosure)

Insulation : 50 MΩ or more/ 1000 V (between electrical circuit and enclosure)

resistance

Applicable standards: • IEC 61010-1, -2-032 (main unit)/ -031 (test leads)

Measurement CAT IV 300 V/ CAT III 600 V/ CAT II 1000V

Pollution degree 2.

IEC 61326(EMC) Class B, EN50581 (RoHS),

• EN 301 489-1, EN 300 328, EN 62479, and

IEC 60529 IP40

9.2. General specifications

Readings update rate : Approx. 0.5 sec. on $\widetilde{\mathbf{A}}$, $\widetilde{\mathbf{V}}$, \mathbf{W} , and \mathbf{O} functions, Approx. 1.0 sec.

on IIII function

 $\begin{array}{ll} \text{Max. conductor size} & : \text{ $\emptyset 55 \text{ mm (max)}} \\ \text{Dimension} & : 247(\text{L}) \times 105(\text{W}) \times 49(\text{D}) \text{ mm} \end{array}$

Alkaline size AA battery (LR6). 2 pcs.
Soft case MODEL9198 1 pce.

Continuous operating : Approx. 58 hours

time (W function, continuous measurement, no load, backlight off, using

alkaline size AA (LR6) batteries)

Current consumption : 35 mA typ. (@3.0 V, **W** function)
Communication : Bluetooth® Ver5.0 (KEW2062BT only)

9.3 Measurement specifications

AC current function $\widetilde{\mathbf{A}}$

RMS AC current value (ACA) [Arms], Peak value (Absolute value) [Alpeaki]

Range	40.00 A/ 400.0 A/ 1000 A		
	Auto-ranging, range won't be fixed.		
	A range shifts to one upper range when the input exceeds 110% or 300%		
	peak (absolute value) of the currently selected range and shifts to one lower		
	range when the input drops 90% rms.		
	Where any of "MAX", "MIN", "AVG", or PEAK (peak value) has been		
	selected in the display mode, the selected range is fixed.		
Display digit	4-digit		
Sampling period	1 cycle/ 500ms		
Sampling frequency	32.8 kHz(30.5 μs interval)		
. ,	PEAK value: moving average is 9 points between 40.0Hz and 70.0Hz only.		
Effective input	40.00A range RMS: 0.60 A to 40.00 A, PEAK value: ±(0.6 A to 56.57 A)		
range	400.0A range RMS: 6.0 A to 400.0 A, PEAK value: ±(6.0 A to 565.7 A)		
Disalessana	1000A range RMS: 60 A to 999.9 A, PEAK value: ±(60 A to 1414 A) RMS value: 40.00A range : 0.30 to 44.00 A		
Display range	RMS value: 40.00A range :0.30 to 44.00 A 400.0A range :3.0 (36.0 A*) to 440.0 A		
	1000A range :30 (360 A*) to 1100 A		
	* While auto-ranging is enabled, values displayed with "()" will be effective,		
	and the LCD shows "0" when the input is less than 0.30 A and "OL" when		
	1100 A is exceeded.		
	PEAK value (absolute value): 40.00A range : 0.30 A to 120.0 A		
	400.0A range : 3.0 A to 120.0 A		
	1000A range : 30 A to 1500 A		
Crest factor	3 or less on 40.00A/400.0A range, 3 or less 1500 A peak on 1000A range		
Accuracy	RMS: (sine wave) 40.0 to 70.0 Hz: ±1.0%rdq±3dqt		
Accuracy	70.1 to 1 kHz: ±2.0%rdg±5dgt		
	* Add ±0.5%rdg±5dgt to the accuracy for sine waves other than 40 to 70 Hz.		
	PEAK value (absolute value): 40.0 to 70.0 Hz: ±2.5%rdg±5dqt		
	70.1 to 1 kHz: ±4.0%rdg±5dqt		
Formula	T		
- omiaia	i : Sampling point No.		
	$\left \left(\frac{1}{1} \right) \left(\frac{n-1}{n} \right) \right $ n : Number of samples/ cycle		
	$A = \left(\frac{1}{n} \left(\sum_{i=1}^{n-1} (A_i)^2\right)\right)$ n : Number of samples/ cycle		
	\``\ _{i=0}		
	1 ' '		

Current frequency (Af) [Hz]

Display digit	4-digit
Accuracy	±0.3%rdg±3dgt (40.0Hz to 999.9Hz, sine wave)
Effective input range	Within sine wave of 40.0Hz to 999.9Hz, ACA effective input range.
Display range	40.0 to 999.9Hz
	The LCD shows "" when readings are out of the display range or
	display range of ACA).



RMS AC voltage value (ACV) [Vrms], Peak value (Absolute value)

[V peak]	
Range	1000V
Display digit	4-digit
Sampling period	One cycle/ 500 ms
Sampling frequency	32.8 kHz (every 30.5ys)
	PEAK value: moving average is 9 points between 40.0Hz and 70.0Hz only.
Effective input range	RMS: 30.0 V to 999.9 V Peak value: ±(30.0 V to 1414 V)
Display range	RMS: 30.0 V to 1100 VPeak value (absolute value): 30.0 V to 1555 V
	* The LCD shows "Lo" when readings are below the lower limit and "OL"
	when over the upper limit.
Crest factor	1.7 or less
Accuracy	RMS: sine wave 40.0 to 70.0 Hz: ±0.7%rdg±3dgt
	70.1 to 1 kHz: ±3.0%rdg±5dgt
	* Add ±0.5%rdg±5dgt to the accuracy for sine waves other than 40 to 70 Hz.
	PEAK value (absolute value): 40.0 to 70.0 Hz: ±2.5%rdg±5dgt
	70.1 to 1 kHz: ±4.0%rdg±5dgt
Input impedance	Approx.4 MΩ * resistance value across the terminals
Formula	
	$V = \sqrt{\frac{1}{n} \sum_{i=0}^{n-1} (V_i)^2}$ Connect and measure $L = V_1$, $N = V_3$ i : Sampling point No. n : Number of samples/ cycle

Voltage frequency (Vf) [Hz]

Display digit	4-digit
Accuracy	±0.3%rdg±3dgt (40.0 Hz to 999.9 Hz, sine wave)
Effective input range	Within sine wave of 40.0Hz to 999.9Hz, ACV effective input range.
Display range	40.0 to 999.9 Hz
	The LCD shows "" when readings are out of the display range or
	display range of ACV).
Signal source	V ₁ to V ₃ (voltage across terminals) or A

Power function **W**Power function **W**

Active power (P) [W]

D.	40.00kW/400.0 kW/1000 kW		
Range	* Switched according to the selected current range.		
Display digit	4-digit (The LCD shows "" if the reading is out of the guaranteed accuracy range.)		
Olineind	1 cycle/ 500ms	out of the guaranteed accuracy range.)	
Sampling period	.,		
Sampling frequency	32.8 kHz(30.5 µs interval)		
Effective input range		ge, and RMS current and within the	
	frequency range of 45 to 65 Hz.		
Display range		o 44.00 kW	
		6.0 kW) to 440.0 kW	
	,	0 kW) to 1210 kW	
	* Currently selected range is fixed	if you select MAX, MIN, or AVG in	
	display mode.		
		lisplayed while auto-ranging function	
	is activated, and "" will be displa	ayed when readings are out of the	
	display range of RMS voltage or	RMS current and effective input	
	frequency.		
Accuracy	For sine wave with power factor 1 ::		
		nfluence of phase angle within ±3.0°	
	where: within the effective input rang	e wave, and 45 – 65 Hz)	
	* Sum value: Total errors determined		
	(doubled: 3P3W, tripled		
Polarity sign	Consumption (flow-in): no sign, Rege	eneration(flow-out): -	
Formula	1 / n-1	V is used as reference,	
	$P = \frac{1}{n} \left(\sum_{i=1}^{n} (V_i \times A_i) \right)$	i : Sampling point No.	
	n (🚉 ` ' ' ' ')	n : Number of samples/ cycle	
Wiring system	Display value	Destination	
1P2W · 1P3W	P	1P2W:L=V1·A ,N=V3	
		1P3W: L1/L2=V1·A, N=V3	
Balance 3P3W	Psum(=Ssum×cos(θ))	R=V1·A. S=V3	
Balance 3P4W	Psum(=P×3)	R=V1·A, N=V3	
Unbalance 3P3W	P1、P2 、Psum(=P1+P2)	P1 :R=V1·A, S=V2, T=V3	
		P2 :R=V1 ,S=V2, T=V3·A	
		* Change the connected points twice	
		and test (2-wattmeter method)	
Unbalance 3P4W	Displayed only when measureding each phase: P1, P2, P3	P1: R=V1·A, N=V3	
	Total value: Psum(=P1+P2+P3)	P2: S=V1·A, N=V3	
		P3: T=V1·A, N=V3	
		* Change the connected points three times and test	
·	·	·	

Apparent power (S) [VA]

7 tpparent powe	1 (0) [1/1]	
Range	Same as the active power	
Display digit	Same as the active power	
Effective input range	Same as the active power	
Accuracy	±1dgt to the result determined by each measured value * Sum: add errors of each channel, 3P3W: ±2dgt, 3P4W: ±3dgt	
Polarity sign	No sign	
Formula	S=V×A * When P >S,	P=S.
Wiring system	Display value	Destination
1P2W·1P3W	S	Same as the active power
3P3W (balance)	$S_{sum}(=S\times\sqrt{3})$	
3P4W (balance)	S _{sum} (=S×3)	
3P4W (unbalance)	S _{sum} (=S ₁ +S ₂ +S ₃)	
	*S _n : Apparent power at the	
	nth measurement	

Reactive power (Q) [Var]

Range	Same as the active power		
Display digit	Same as the active power		
Effective input range	Same as the active power		
Accuracy	±1dgt to the result determine		
	* ±2dgt when measuring bala 3P4W	ance 3P3W, ±3dgt when measuring balance	
Polarity sign	Phase delay: no sign, Phase	e advance: -	
Formula	$Q=\sqrt{S^2-P^2}$ * Where	P >S, P=S.	
	* Q=0 when □P□>S.		
	* Polarity symbol is display	ed depending on the current phase angle	
	with the voltage phase (0°) a	as reference. See the followings.	
		ign (+) Phase delay	
		ative (-) Phase advance	
	When P >S, Q=0.		
		ed depending on the voltage-current phase	
	difference (θ). 0° to -90° to180° : No sign	(+) Phase delay	
	0° to +90° to 180°: Negativ		
Wiring system	Display value	Destination	
1P2W·1P3W	Q	Same as the active power	
3P3W (balance)	$Q_{sum} (= \sqrt{S_{sum}^2 - P_{sum}^2})$	·	
3P4W (balance)	Q _{sum} (=Q×3)		
3P4W (unbalance)	Q _{sum} (=Q ₁ +Q ₂ +Q ₃)		
	* Qn: Reactive power at the		
	nth measurement		

Power factor (PF) KEW 2062/2062BT

Power factor (PF)

1 OWCI Idotoi (I	
Effective input range	Same as the active power
Display range	-1.000 to 0.000 to 1.000
Accuracy	±1dgt to the result determined by each measured value
	* ±2dgt when measuring balance 3P3W, ±3dgt when measuring balance 3P4W
Polarity sign	Phase delay: no sign, Phase advance: -
Formula	$PF = P/S $; however, $PF = cos(\theta)$ only when balance 3P3W
	* In case of Three-phase circuit, determined by sum value. * Nothing is displayed where S=0. * Polarity sign appears based on the voltage-current phase difference (θ). 0° to -90° to 180° s. Negative (-) Phase advance 0° to +90° to 180° s. Negative (-) Phase advance * Average value is determined by averaging the amount of advance and delay, based on PF=1 as reference. [Example] Where measured value is PF=0.99, -0.92, and +0.96: difference between 0.99 and 1= -0.01 (advance), difference between -0.92 and 1= +0.08 (delay), and difference between 0.96 and 1= -0.04(advance). The total difference will be -0.01+0.08+(-0.04)=0.03 (delay). Then divide the value by 3 (number of measurement): 0.03+3=0.01 (delay). The average PF is 0.01 behind tot (PF average value); therefore, -0.99 (advance) will be the average PF.

Voltage current phase difference (θ) [deg] (at Single-phase 2-wire measurement only)

Display range	-180.0 to .00 to 179.9
	The LCD shows "" when readings are out of the display range of
	active power.
Polarity sign	Phase delay: no sign, Phase advance: -
Measurement	Compare current waveform against voltage waveform with zero-cross
method	position.
	* When S=0, nothig is displayed.
	* Polarity sign indicates current phase angle with the voltage phase as
	reference (0°).
	No sign (+) Phase advance
	Negative (-) Phase delay

Harmonics function		
Measurement method	Frequency fixed sampling Perform sampling 256 times per input cycle (50/ 60 Hz) and do FFT calculation. Sampling frequency changes depending on the preset nominal frequency. 50Hz12.8ksps(every 78µs), 60Hz15.4ksps(every 65µs)	
Connect to	$L=V_1$, $N=V_3$, $L/R/S/T$ (clamp onto power wires) = A	
Effective frequency	50/ 60 Hz	
Analysis order	1st to 30th order	
Window width	1 cycle	
Window type	Rectangular	
Number of analysis data	256 points	
Analysis rate	Once/ 1 sec.	

Harmonics RMS voltage (Vk: 1st fundamental wave to 30th harmonics) [Vrms] Range, Display digit, effective input range | Same as the RMS voltage Same as the RMS voltage Display range *Content rate 0.0% to 100.0% against fundamental wave Accuracy 1 to 10th: ±5.0%rdg±10dgt 11 to 20th: ±10%rdg±10dgt 21 to 30th: ±20%rdg±10dgt Content range: ±1 against the calculated results of each order. Formula To connect L=V₁, N=V₃; k : Harmonics order Vr : Real number after voltage (Vkr)² + (Vki)²
FFT conversion
Vi : Imaginary number after voltage
FFT conversion * Content rate= $\frac{}{V1(Funndamental\ wave)}$



monics function KEW 2062/2062BT Harmonics RMS current (Ak: 1st fundamental wave to 30th harmonics) [Arms]

Haillionics IX	INS current (Ak. 1 Tundamental wave to 50 Trannonics) [An
Range, Display dig	git, effective input range Same as the RMS current
Display range	Same as the RMS current
	*Content rate 0.0% to 100.0% against fundamental wave
Accuracy	RMS:
	1 to 10 th : ±5.0%rdg±10dgt
	11 to 20 th : ±10%rdg±10dgt
	21 to 30 th : ±20%rdg±10dgt
	Content range:
	±1 against the calculated results of each order.
Formula	k : Harmonics order
	Ar : Real number after current
	$Ak = \sum (Akr)^2 + (Aki)^2$ FFT conversion
	Ak = \(\sum_{n=-1}^{\text{C}} (Akr)^2 + (Aki)^2 \) At : Real number after current FFT conversion Ai : Imaginary number after current
	VIIII FFT conversion
	* Content rate = Ak×100
	Content rate $-\frac{1}{A1(Funndamental\ wave)}$

Total harmonics voltage distortion factor (V THD-F) [%]

Total Harrion	ico voltage diotortion lactor (v. i	110 1 / [/ 0]	
Display digit	4-digit		
Display range	0.0% to 100.0%		
Accuracy	±1 against the calculated results of each measured value.		
Formula	V THD-F = $\frac{\sqrt{\sum_{k=2}^{30} (Vk)^2} \times 100}{V1(Fundamental wave)}$	V: Harmonics voltage k: Harmonics order	

Total harmonics current distortion factor (A THD-F) [%]

Display digit	4-digit		
Display range	0.0% to 100.0%		
Accuracy	±1 against the calculated results of each measured value.		
Formula	A THD-F = $\frac{\sqrt{\sum_{k=2}^{30} (Ak)^2} \times 100}{\text{A1(Fundamental wave)}}$ A: Harmonics current k: Harmonics order		

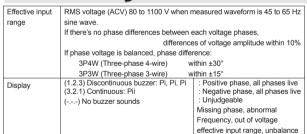
Total harmonics voltage distortion factor (V THD-R) [%]

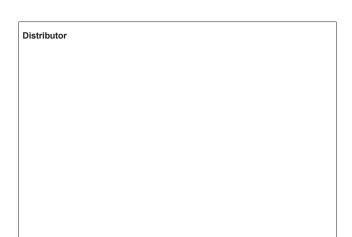
Display digit	4-digit		
Display range	0.0% to 100.0%		
Accuracy	±1 against the calculated results of each measured value.		
Formula	$V \text{ THD-R} = \frac{\sqrt{\sum_{k=2}^{30} (Vk)^2} \times 100}{\sqrt{\sum_{k=1}^{30} (Vk)^2}}$ V: Harmonics voltage k: Harmonics order		

Total harmonics current distortion factor (A THD-R) [%]

Display digit	4-digit		
Display range	0.0% to 100.0%		
Accuracy	±1 against the calculated results of each measured value.		
Formula	A THD-R = $\frac{\sqrt{\sum_{k=2}^{30}(Ak)^2 \times 100}}{\sqrt{\sum_{k=1}^{30}(Ak)^2}}$ A: Harmonics current k: Harmonics order		

Phase detection function (





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